Positron Ring Measurements

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November 6, 2008



System overview

- Introduction
- Front and Back End
- Specification highlights
- Operating experience

2 Measurements

- Experimental Setup: Vertical
- Experimental Setup: Longitudinal
- Vertical Feedback Operation
- Grow/damps
- Longitudinal Studies
- Observations



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iGp Highlights







- A 500+ MHz processing channel.
- Finite Impulse Response (FIR) bunch-by-bunch filtering for feedback.
- Control and diagnostics via EPICS soft IOC on Linux.
- External triggers, fiducial synchronization, low-speed ADCs/DACs, general-purpose digital I/O.

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1.5 GHz front-end detection frequency.

- 2-cycle comb generator.
- 1 GHz back-end frequency.
- Integrated control via iGp GPIO:
 - Front and back-end LO phase shifters;

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iGp Specifications

Design goals:

- Reliability;
- Maintainability;
- Ease of use;
- Diagnostics.
- FPGA based processing:
 - Flexible;
 - Field upgradable.

Specifications

Bunch spacing \geq 1.9 ns

Harmonic number 64–5120

ADC resolution 8 bits

DAC resolution 12 bits

Feedback filter 16-tap FIR

Downsampling 1-32

DAQ memory 8 MB

Digital GPIO 32 channels

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Slow analog I/O 8 channels



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iGp is installed or has been tested in the following machines:

- DAΦNE (LNF-INFN): four systems, transverse feedback;
- Photon Factory (KEK): one system, longitudinal feedback;
- KEKB (KEK): transverse feedback;
- Duke University storage ring FEL: two systems, longitudinal and transverse feedback;
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- BPM signals applied directly to difference hybrids;
- ΔY is connected to the front-end input;
- Baseband processor directly drives amplifier hybrids.



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Longitudinal Feedback Configuration

- Set up the baseband processor and the front-end for longitudinal feedback in the positron ring;
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- Baseband processor drives all four amplifiers in-phase generating (weak) longitudinal kick.



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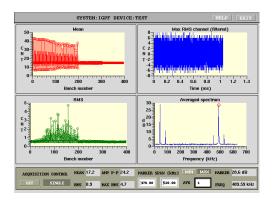
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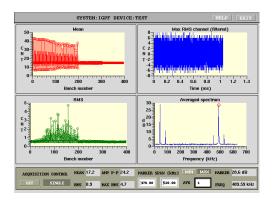




- Updates at 1 Hz
- Uses data from all bunches over many turns.
- Four waveforms:
 - Mean;
 - RMS;
 - Bunch with largest RMS;
 - Averaged spectrum of all bunches.

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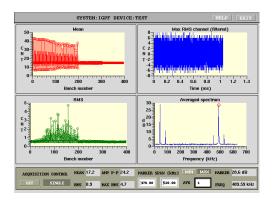




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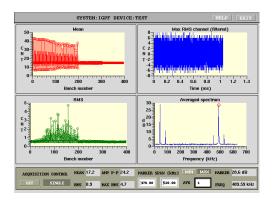


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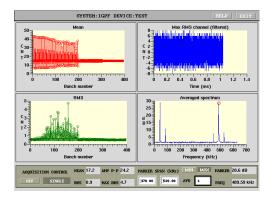
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Feedback in Action

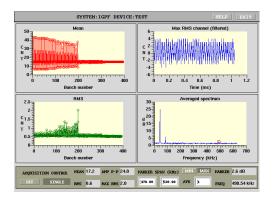


- With feedback off we see vertical oscillation (28.6 dB peak);
- When feedback is turned on, vertical motion is suppressed to the noise floor;
- Significant longitudinal oscillation component.

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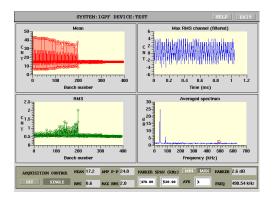


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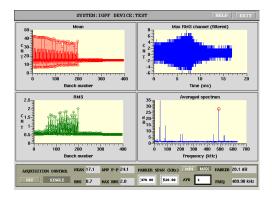
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Measurements

Grow/damp Waveforms

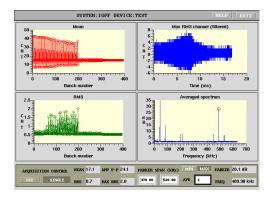


- Can also configure the system for grow/damp measurements;
- Results are immediately seen on the waveform panel;
- Data can then be read out for further analysis.

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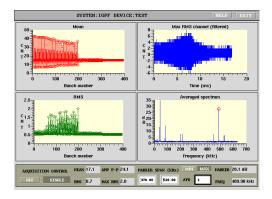


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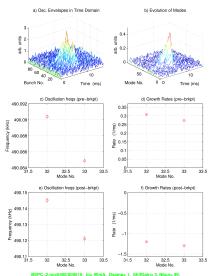
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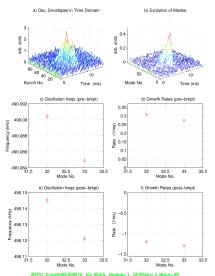




At Fs: G1= 47.0329, G2= 0, Ph1= -83.9881, Ph2= 0, Brkpt= 10200, Calib= 1.

- Vertical grow/damp at 90 mA;
- 50 bunches filled;
- Several eigenmodes are unstable: 32 and 33;

- Growth rates of 0.27–0.3 ms⁻¹;
- Damping rates of 1.2–1.3 ms⁻¹.

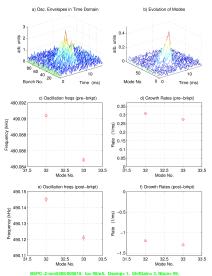


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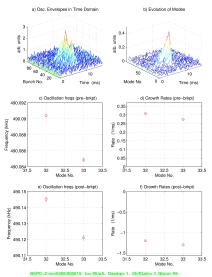
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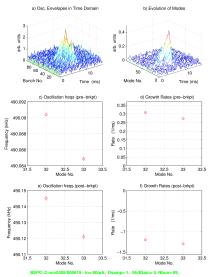


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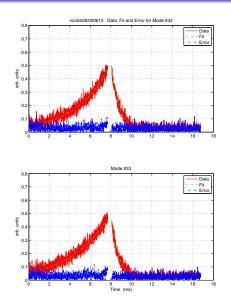
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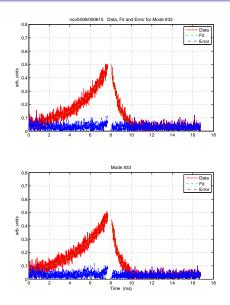
Growth and Damping Transients



- Growth and damping transients are fitted with complex exponentials to extract growth or damping rates and oscillation frequencies;
- Transients are very nicely exponential - typical for HOM-driven instabilities.

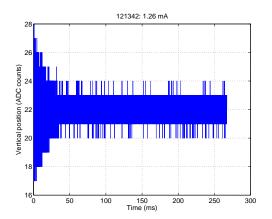


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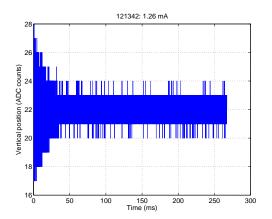


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 Use feedback to excite the bunch, then record natural decay;

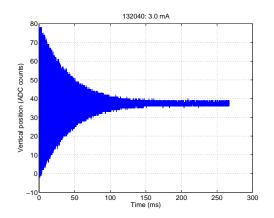
 Big change in damping with beam current.





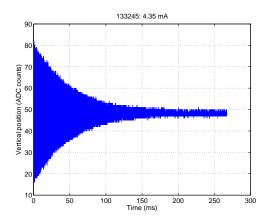
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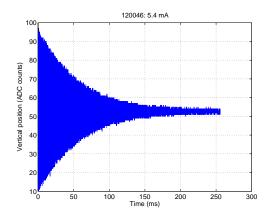
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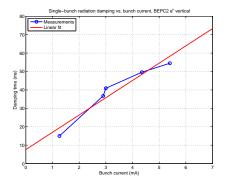


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Damping Rate vs. Bunch Current

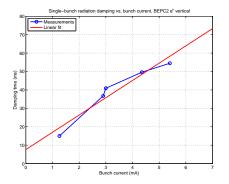


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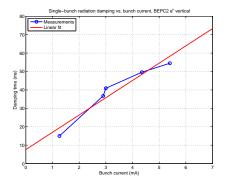


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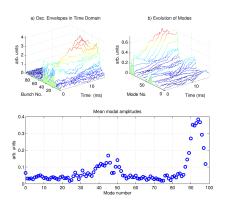
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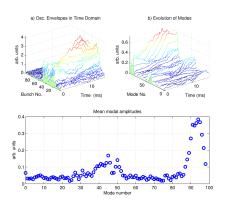


Closed-loop record;

- Analyze longitudinal motion;
- Active eigenmodes -8 to -4.



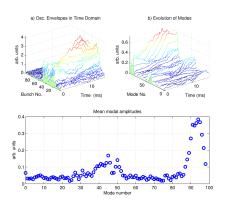
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